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# The project

The presence of pollution in water and soil poses multiple risks to human, animal, and ecosystem health, contributing to diseases and biodiversity loss.

The EU-funded SYMBIOREM project (Symbiotic, circular bioremediation systems and biotechnology solutions for improved environmental, economic and social sustainability in pollution control) aims to use the **bioremediation** capabilities of microorganisms, microbiomes, proteins, plants and animals to remove pollution from the environment.

What is
bioremediation?

Bioremediation is the use of either naturally occurring or deliberately introduced biological organisms (e.g., microorganisms, microbiomes, proteins, plants and animals) to consume and break down environmental pollutants, in order to clean a polluted site.

#### In addition, SYMBIOREM will:

- Develop new circular business models to turn residues and contaminants from polluted environments into valuable resources.
- Increase the **safety** of bioremediation and revitalization strategies, mitigating the risks of pollutants' remobilization.
- Increase the acceptance of bioremediation solutions by engaging citizens in participatory research, collaborative modelling, and collaborative management of bioremediation technologies.

# 12 novel bio-based technologies and strategies

To contribute to the EU Zero Pollution Action Plan, SYMBIOREM will develop 12 innovative nature-based solutions to target the four most common pollutants in soil and water in Europe: heavy metals, mineral oil, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) and Volatile Aromatic Hydrocarbons (VAH). The project will also focus on mixed contamination, eutrophication, organic micropollutants and microplastic.

